### CITY OF STATHAM, GEORGIA

**Basic Financial Statements** 

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Statham, Georgia 30666

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Statham, Georgia, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Statham, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Statham, Georgia, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows of its proprietary funds, and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Statham, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules and schedule of project expenditures with Special Option Sales Tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules and schedule of project expenditures with Special Option Sales Tax have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 19, 2009, on our consideration of the City of Statham, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and is not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

HUBERT A. BRISCOE, CPA

Winder, Georgia 30680-0531

November 19, 2009

City of Statham, Georgia

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Statham, Georgia (City) basic financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. The discussion focuses on the City's primary government. Unless otherwise noted component units, related organization and joint ventures reported separately from the primary government are not included.

#### Financial Highlights

The City of Statham (City), Georgia operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The accounting, financial reporting, and significant practices of the City are discussed in subsequent sections and the remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations and other required disclosures for the City's financial activities.

The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$6,274,754 (net assets) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,925,046.

Total net assets are comprised of the following:

- (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$5,260,054 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
- (2) Net assets of \$113,520 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as grantors, laws, or regulations.
- (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$901,180 represent the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$544,983 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$538,317 showing a increase of \$6,666 during the current year. Unreserved fund balance of \$544,983 for the fiscal year 2009 shows a \$6,666 increase over the prior year.

At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$499,163 or 45.5 % of total General Fund expenditures and 46.8 % of total General Fund revenues.

Total liabilities of the City increased by \$515,912 to \$4,448,664 during the fiscal year. The City's Water & Sewer Fund's interim financing of \$2,635,395 for construction of a waste water plant and system improvements increased by \$546,994 over the prior year. The General Fund issued no new debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the City-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, and from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, planning & zoning, public safety and public works. Business-type activities include water & sewer system utilities and solid waste disposal and management. Fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans are not included in the government-wide statements since these asset are not available to fund City programs.

The City's financial reporting includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organizations for which the City is accountable (component units). The city had no reportable component units. Other organizations such as related organizations and joint ventures are reported separately and are not included in the City's overall reporting entity.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

#### The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the general fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for capital projects funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted, revised and final budgets.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. There are two kinds of proprietary funds. These are enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City utilizes only enterprise funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions as reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water & sewer utilities and solid waste disposal and management.

Proprietary fund statements and statements for discretely presented component units (reporting that is similar to proprietary funds) provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds. The city had no component units, internal service funds, or non-major enterprise funds.

Fiduciary funds, such as employee pension plans, are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund City programs. The City's only fiduciary funds are employee pension funds and financial statements are reported appropriately and separate from the City's financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 26 of this report immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information. Other supplementary information includes details by fund for receivables, payables, transfers, and payments within the reporting entity. Supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements.

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

#### Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City implemented the new financial reporting model used in this report at the beginning of the fiscal year July 1, 2003. Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The City's net assets at fiscal year-end are \$6,274,754. This is a \$349,708 increase over the beginning year's net assets of \$5,925,046. The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets:

### Summary of Net Assets (dollars are in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Busines		m.		A	%	
	Activ	nties	Activ	nues	Tot	iai	Amount	70	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	Change	Change	
Current and other Assets	\$579	\$559	\$672	\$742	\$1,251	\$1,301	(\$50)	-4%	
Capital assets	2,128	2,206	7,344	6,350	9,472	8,556	916	11%	
Total Assets	\$2,707	\$2,765	\$8,016	\$7,092	\$10,723	\$9,857	\$866	9%	
Current and other liabilities	\$50	\$37	\$2,883	\$2,319	\$2,933	\$2,356	\$577	24%	
Long-term liabilities	<u> </u>	22_	1,510	1,555	1,516	1,577	(61)	-4%	
Total Liabilities	\$56	\$59	\$4,393	\$3,874	\$4,449	\$3,933	\$516	13%	
Net Assets:									
Invested in capital assets									
net of related debt	\$2,106	\$2,168	\$3,153	\$2,663	\$5,259	\$4,831	\$428	9%	
Restricted			113	114	113	114	(1)	-1%	
Unrestricted	545	538	356	441	901	979	(78)	-8%	
Total Net Assets	\$2,651	\$2,706	\$3,622	\$3,218	\$6,273	\$5,924	\$349	6%	

The City reported positive balances in net assets for both governmental and business-type activities. Net assets decreased \$55,589 for governmental activities and increased \$405,297 for business-type activities. The City's overall financial position improved during fiscal year 2009.

Comparative data is accumulated to assist analysis. The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net assets:

#### **Summary of Changes of Net Assets**

(dollars are in thousands)

	Governa Activ		Busine Activ	**	To	tal	Amount	%
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	Change	Change
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$143	\$168	\$800	\$811	\$943	\$979	(\$36)	-4%
Operating grants & contributions Capital grants & contributions			323	195	0 323	0 195	0 128	66%
General Revenues:								
Sales & Use taxes	366	441			366	441	(75)	-17%
Property taxes	307	311			307	311	(4)	-1%
Franchise taxes	126	103			126	103	23	22%
Alcohom beverage taxes	41	38			41	38	3	8%
Insurance Premium taxes	114	112			114	112	2	2%
Other taxes, Interest & Misc	20	43	15	21	35	64	(29)	-45%
Total Revenues	\$1,117	\$1,216	\$1,138	\$1,027	\$2,255	\$2,243	\$12	1%
Expenses								
General Government	\$467	\$529			\$467	\$529	(\$62)	-12%
Public Safety	440	448			440	448	(8)	-2%
Public Works	264	296			264	296	(32)	-11%
Interest on General long-term debt	1	2			1	2	(1)	-50%
Water & Sewer			\$635	\$748	635	748	(113)	-15%
Solid Waste	<del></del>	<del></del> -	98	91	98	91	<u> </u>	8%
Total Expenses	\$1,172	\$1,275	\$733	\$839	\$1,905	\$2,114	(\$209)	-10%
Increase (decrease) in net								
assets before transfers	(\$55)	(\$59)	\$405	\$188	\$350	\$129	\$221	171%
Change in Net Assets	(\$55)	(\$59)	\$405	\$188	\$350	\$129	\$221	171%
Beginning Net Assets	2,706	2,765	3,218	3,030	5,924	5,795	129	2%
Ending Net Assets	\$2,651	\$2,706	\$3,623	\$3,218	\$6,274	\$5,924	\$350	6%

#### **GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES**

The City's governmental activities are heavily reliant on taxes to support governmental operations. Property taxes provided 27 percent, sales taxes provided 33 percent and other taxes provided 25 percent of the City's total revenues. Program revenues, which included capital grants covered 12 percent of governmental operating expenses. The City's taxpayers and other general revenues funded 95 percent of the governmental activities. Therefore, the general economy and local business have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES**

Total governmental activities costs for the current fiscal year were \$1,172,686. Of this amount, general government was \$467,628 (40%), public safety was \$439,766 (38%), and public works was \$264,134 (22%) of the total cost for services for fiscal year 2008-2009. Some of the costs were paid by programs revenues of \$142,964.

## BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Revenues vs. Costs

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Revenues	Expenses
Water & Sewer System	\$689,572	\$634,470
Solid Waste Disposal /Management	125,762	98,336

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

#### Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflows and outflows of spendable resource focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$544,983. Of this year-end total, \$544,983 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds shows an increase of \$6,666 over the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of the events and programs described with the analysis of the City's governmental activities.

#### Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$30,897. A key factor contributing to this decrease was a decrease in governmental revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund accumulates resources and disbursements for major capital projects. The Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$45,820 as of June 30, 2009.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The Water & Sewer Fund net income was \$377,871. The Solid Waste Fund net income was \$27,426.

#### Major Proprietary Funds

The Water & Sewer System Fund provides water and waste water disposal to the City's residential and commercial customers. The City strives to maintain competitive rates to its customers while providing safe drinking water and sewage treatment. The City's water and sewage utilities are reported within this activity in the government-wide statements.

The Solid Waste Disposal/Management Fund provides refuse collection and disposal to the City's residential and commercial customers. The City's solid waste disposal and management are reported within this activity in the government-wide statements.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2008-2009 was \$1,285,656. This was a increase of \$9,915 under the previous year amended budget. The City Council made subsequent budget amendments between departments of \$186,947.

These amendments adjusted budgeted expenditures between departments to reflect a reclassification of funds required to adjust the original appropriations.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009, was \$2,128,383 and \$7,344,050 respectively. Major capital asset additions during the current year included street improvements (paving) for \$12,944. Expansion and improvements by the City's business-type activities in the amount of \$1,133,580 also contributed to changes in the City's investment in capital assets. See Note 4. D. for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year.

## Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation (dollars are in thousands)

Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total Amount % 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 2008 Change Change Non-Depreciable Assets Land \$366 \$366 \$526 \$526 \$892 \$892 \$0 \$0 3,253 2,119 3,253 2,119 1,134 54% Depreciable Assets (net) Buildings 384 397 29 30 413 427 (14)-3% Distribution Systems 3,350 3,451 3,350 3,451 (101)(0)Vehicles & Equipment 214 266 186 490 224 400 (90)-18% Infrastructure 1,165 1,177 1,177 1,165 (12)-1% Total \$2,129 \$2,206 \$7,344 \$6,350 \$9,473 \$8,556 \$917 11%

#### Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$4,212,379. Of this amount, \$21,807 was for capital leases. The other major component was \$1,440,690 supported by pledged revenues generated primarily by the business-type activities of the City (Revenue Bonds). See Note 4. G. for additional discussion.

#### **Bond Ratings**

Bond ratings are disclosed on the face of the final official statements for the bonds. Bond ratings have not changed since issuance.

### Outstanding Debt (dollars are in thousands)

		nmental vities		ess-type ivities	T	otal	Amount	%
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	Change	Change
General Obligation Leases	\$22	\$37			\$22	\$37	(\$15)	-41%
Revenue Bonds Notes Payable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$1,441 2,750	\$1,471 2,216	1,441 2,750	1,471 2,216	(30) 534	-2% 24%
Total	\$22	<u>\$37</u>	\$4,191	\$3,687	\$4,213	\$3,724	\$489	13%

#### Economic Environment and Next Year's Budgets

The City's elected officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal year 2008-2009 budget. The City's tax rates and fees for business-type activities were predominate budget considerations. The City is experiencing steady growth in population and local businesses. The City has low to moderate cost of living, relatively low unemployment and a stable but growing economic environment. Water System improvements are planned and are to be funded primarily with Special Option Sale Tax receipts.

The City reached an agreement with Barrow County, Georgia, for the transfer of the City's waste water treatment plant and sewer distribution system. This transfer will be effective upon the completion of a new waste water treatment plant.

For the fiscal year 2009-2010, the City Council approved a total budget of \$2.182 million. This budget includes operating and non-operating funds. The General Fund budget is \$1,132,289 and the Proprietary Funds are budgeted for \$1,049,939 (Water & Sewer \$949,696 and Solid Waste \$100,243). The City's budgets and relative fund balances are maintained in compliance with the City's adopted financial policies.

#### Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City Clerk, at: P. O. Box 28, Statham, Georgia 30666.

City of Statham, Georgia

**Basic Financial Statements** 

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Primary Government

	ড	Governmental Activities	<b>8</b>	Business Type Activities		Totals
ASSETS			l		+	
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash equivalents	₩	174,920	↔	497,514	69	672,434
Receivables - Taxes		118,895		`		118,895
Other Accounts		•		95,361		95,361
Due from Other Governments		49,020		`		49,020
Internal Balances		236,000		(236,000)		Ó
Restricted Current Assets		•				
Cash and Cash equivalents				315,275		315,275
Non-Current Assets				`		•
Capital Assets:						
Land & Construction in Progress		365,949		3,778,585		4,144,534
Other Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,762,434		3,565,465		5,327,899
TOTAL ASSETS	€	2,707,218	€9	8,016,200	€9	10,723,418
LIABILITIES			<b>][</b>		li	
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	€9	33,852	↔	7,160	↔	41,012
Refundable Deposits		•		121,220		121,220
Accrued Interest Payable				74,053		74,053
Notes, Leases & Bonds Payable - Current		15,733		2,680,276		2,696,009
Non-Current Liabilities						
Notes, Leases & Bonds Payable - Non Current		6,074		1,510,296	•	1,516,370
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<b>⇔</b>	55,659	 <del>∽</del>	4,393,005	ˈ <i>↔</i>	4,448,664
NET ASSETS						
Investment in Capital Assets, net of related debt	↔	2,106,576	↔	3,153,478	€9	5,260,054
Restricted - Debt Service			-	113,520		113,520
Unrestricted		544,983	,	356,197	ı	901,180
TOTAL NET ASSETS	€>	2,651,559	<b>↔</b>	3,623,195	<b>↔</b> "	6,274,754
		E	l		ı	1

# City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Ne	Operating Capital Pri	Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business Type Services Contributions Contributions Activities	20,807 \$ \$ (446,821) \$ 122,157 (317,609) (264,134) (1,158)	142,964 \$ 0 \$ (1,029,722) \$ (1,029,722)	675,368       322,769       \$ 363,667       \$         124,804       26,468	800,172 \$ 0 \$ 322,769 \$ \$ 390,135 \$	943,136 \$ 0 \$ 322,769 \$ (1,029,722) \$ 390,135 \$	\$ 315,499 \$ \$ \$ 50,190 307,255 125,496 41,208 114,175 3,378 1,870 15,162 15,62  \$ 974,133 \$ (55,589) \$ 405,297 \$ \$ 2,707,148 \$ 2,651,559 \$ 3,217,898 \$ 2,651,559 \$ 3,623,195 \$
	•	Function/Programs Expenses S Primary Government:	Governmental Activities:  General Government  Public Safety Public Works  Interest on long-term debt  S 467,628 \$ 439,766  264,134  Interest on long-term debt  1,158	Total Governmental Activities \$ 1,172,686 \$	Water Solid Waste 98,336	Total Business Type Activities \$ 732,806 \$	Total Primary Government \$ 1,905,492 \$	Ceneral Revenues:  Taxes: Sales & Use Taxes - Local Option Sales & Use Taxes - Special Option Property Taxes Franchise Taxes Alcohol Beverage Taxes Insurance Premium Taxes Other Taxes Interest & Investment Earnings Miscellaneous  Total General Revenues, Special Items & Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets-Beginning Net Assets-Ending

#### City of Statham, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Totals Governmental Funds			
ASSETS	-				-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	129,100	\$	45,820	\$	174,920		
Receivables - Taxes		118,895				118,895		
Due From Other Governments		49,020				49,020		
Receivable From Other Funds	-	236,000	_	1.00		236,000		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	533,015	\$ _	45,820	\$	578,835		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$_	33,852	\$_		\$	33,852		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ _	33,852	\$_	0	\$	33,852		
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved - General Fund	\$	499,163	\$		\$	499,163		
Unreserved - Capital Projects Fund	_		-	45,820	_	45,820		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$_	499,163	\$_	45,820	\$	544,983		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$ _	533,015	\$_	45,820	\$	578,835		

# City of Statham, Georgia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Total fund balance - total governmental funds			\$ 544,983
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state different because:	ement o	f net assets are	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	ancial		
Capital assets (Cost)	\$	2,841,731	
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(713,348)	2,128,383
Long-term Liabilities are not due and payable in the curr period and are not reported in the funds	ent		
Capital Leases			 (21,807)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$ 2,651,559

# City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund			Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES:	_		-		_	
Taxes	\$	907,011	\$		\$	907,011
Licenses & Permits		20,807				20,807
Intergovernmental				50,190		50,190
Fines and Forfeitures		122,157				122,157
Interest Income		1,553		317		1,870
Miscellaneous		15,062			_	15,062
TOTAL REVENUES	\$_	1,066,590	\$	50,507	\$_	1,117,097
EXPENDITURES:						
Current Operations						
General Government	\$	448,665	\$		\$	448,665
Public Safety		426,015				426,015
Public Works		222,807				222,807
Capital Outlay - General Government						0
Capital Outlay - Public Works				12,944		12,944
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,097,487	\$_	12,944	\$	1,110,431
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(30,897)	\$	37,563	\$	6,666
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
None	\$		\$_		\$_	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(30,897)	\$	37,563	\$	6,666
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<del>-</del>	530,060		8,257	<b></b>	538,317
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	499,163	\$_	45,820	\$_	544,983

# City of Statham, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$	6,666
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and depreciation differ in the current period.		
Capital Outlay \$ 12,944 Depreciation (90,466)		(77,522)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of capital lease obligations. See Note 4. G.	_	15,267
Change in net assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(55,589)

#### City of Statham, Georgia General Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

			Bud	geted Amour	1ts					
		Original		Revisions		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES	_				•		_			
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$	285,000	\$	850	\$	285,850	\$	285,864	\$	14
Motor Vehicle Taxes		25,000		(3,600)		21,400		21,391		(9)
Sales Taxes		400,000		(84,500)		315,500		315,499		(1)
Franchise Taxes		110,000		15,500		125,500		125,496		(4)
Alcohol Beverage Taxes		37,000		4,200		41,200		41,208		8
Insurance Premium Taxes		115,000		(800)		114,200		114,175		(25)
Other Taxes		5,000		(1,650)		3,350		3,378		28
Total Taxes	\$	977,000	\$_	(70,000)	_	907,000	\$	907,011	\$	11
Licenses & Permits		112,517		(66,400)		46,117		20,807		(25,310)
Fines & Forfeitures		145,464		(23,400)		122,064		122,157		93
Miscellaneous		47,675		(25,697)		21,978		15,062		(6,916)
Interest Earned	-	3,000	_	(1,450)	_	1,550	_	1,553	_	3
TOTAL REVENUES	\$_	1,285,656	\$_	(186,947)	\$_	1,098,709	\$_	1,066,590	\$_	(32,119)
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government										
Personal Services	\$	216,609	\$	(5,000)	\$	211,609	\$	210,989	\$	620
Purchased/Contracted Services		236,338		(29,400)		206,938		206,914		24
Supplies		43,509		(23,100)		20,409		20,381		28
Other Costs		4,800		5,600		10,400		10,381		19
Capital Outlay		22,697	_	(22,697)	_	0	_		_	0
Total General Government	\$_	523,953	\$_	(74,597)	\$_	449,356	\$_	448,665	\$_	691
Public Safety										
Personal Services	\$	366,553	\$	(58,000)	\$	308,553	\$	308,218	\$	335
Purchased/Contracted Services		96,600		(47,200)		49,400		49,368		32
Supplies		39,750		(18,700)		21,050		20,993		57
Other Costs		8,400		39,100		47,500		47,436		64
Capital Outlay		1,000		(1,000)		0				0

(85,800) \$

426,503 \$

426,015 \$

488

512,303 \$

**Total Public Safety** 

#### City of Statham, Georgia General Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Budgeted	Amounte

	_	Original		Revisions		Final	_	Actual		Variance
Public Works										
Personal Services	\$	148,856	\$	(25,350)	\$	123,506	\$	123,499	\$	7
Purchased/Contracted Services		36,224		11,200		47,424		47,411		13
Supplies		64,320		(12,400)		51,920		51,897		23
Capital Outlay	_				_	0	_		_	0
Total Public Works	\$_	249,400	\$_	(26,550)	\$_	222,850	\$_	222,807	\$_	43
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$_	1,285,656	\$_	(186,947)	\$_	1,098,709	\$_	1,097,487	\$_	1,222
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(30,897)	\$	(30,897)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)									
None	_				_	0			_	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$_	0	\$_	0	\$_	0	\$	(30,897)	\$_	(30,897)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF Y	EAR						_	530,060		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR							\$	499,163		

#### City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2009

	Enterpr		
	Water & Sewer System	Solid Waste	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 445,355	\$ 52,159	\$ 497,514
Receivables, Net Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents	95,361 315,275		95,361 315,275
Total Current Assets	\$ 855,991	\$ 52,159	\$ 908,150
Non-Current Assets:	ф <u> 655,991</u>	32,139	ф <u> 900,130</u>
Capital Assets:			
Land & Construction in Progress Buildings, Equipment & Distribution System	\$ 3,778,585	\$	\$ 3,778,585
net of accumulated depreciation	3,535,015	30,450	3,565,465
Total Non-Current Assets	\$ 7,313,600	\$ 30,450	\$ 7,344,050
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,169,591	\$82,609	\$ 8,252,200
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,506	\$ 2,654	\$ 7,160
Refundable Deposits	121,220		121,220
Notes & Bonds Payable, Current	2,680,276		2,680,276
Accrued Interest Payable	74,053		74,053
Non-Current Liabilities:	1 510 000		1 510 006
Notes & Bonds Payable, Non-Current Due to Other Funds	1,510,296	20.074	1,510,296
	196,926	39,074	236,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 4,587,277	\$ 41,728	\$ 4,629,005
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 3,123,028	\$ 30,450	\$ 3,153,478
Restricted - Debt Service	113,520		113,520
Unrestricted	345,766	10,431	356,197
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,582,314	\$ 40,881	\$_3,623,195

# City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Enterp				
		Water & Sewer System		Solid Waste		Totals
Operating Revenues:	`		_		•	
Charges for Service	\$	646,778	\$	124,804	\$	771,582
Other		28,590	_		_	28,590
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$	675,368	\$_	124,804	\$_	800,172
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services & Benefits	\$	202,935	\$	36,562	\$	239,497
Purchased/Contracted Services		114,673		41,322		155,995
Depreciation		127,298		11,947		139,245
Supplies		104,409		8,480		112,889
Other		591	_	25	_	616
Total Operating Expenses	\$	549,906	\$_	98,336	\$ _	648,242
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	125,462	\$	26,468	\$	151,930
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income		14,204		958		15,162
Interest Expense		(84,564)				(84,564)
Intergovernmental		322,769			_	322,769
Net Income (Loss)	\$	377,871	\$	27,426	\$	405,297
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year		3,204,443	<del></del>	13,455	-	3,217,898
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$	3,582,314	\$_	40,881	\$_	3,623,195

#### City of Statham, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Enterpri				
		Water & Sewer System		Solid Waste		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  Receipts from customers  Payments to suppliers  Payments to employees  Other receipts (payments)	\$	667,302 (218,986) (146,368) (124,152)	\$	124,804 (49,854) (21,950) (40,070)	\$	792,106 (268,840) (168,318) (164,222)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	177,796	\$_	12,930	\$_	190,726
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Payments Loan Proceeds Intergovernmental Receipts Interest Expense	\$	(1,133,580) (42,941) 546,994 322,769 (85,986)	\$		\$	(1,133,580) (42,941) 546,994 322,769 (85,986)
Total Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$_	(392,744)	\$_	0	\$_	(392,744)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Income	\$	14,204	\$	958	\$	15,162
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	\$	(200,744)	\$	13,888	\$	(186,856)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		961,374	_	38,271	_	999,645
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ <sub>=</sub>	760,630	<b>\$</b> =	52,159	\$	812,789
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Net Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase)/Decrease - Accounts Receivable	\$	125,462 127,299 (24,201)	\$	26,468 11,947	\$	151,930 139,246 (24,201)
Increase/(Decrease) - Accounts Payable Increase/(Decrease) - Customer Deposits Increase/(Decrease) - Due to Other Funds	-	95 16,135 (66,994)		(52)	<u>.                                    </u>	43 16,135 (92,427)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	177,796	\$	12,930	\$	190,726

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Introduction:

The City of Statham (City), Georgia operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The accounting, financial reporting, and significant practices of the City are discussed in subsequent sections and the remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations and other required disclosures for the City's financial activities.

The financial statements of the City of Statham have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) of the United States of America. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued after November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its proprietary funds at the fund reporting level unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity - Basis of Presentation

#### 1. Primary Government and Component Units:

The City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity". Statement 14 applies levels to all state and local governments. The Statement applies to financial reporting by primary governments, governmental joint ventures, jointly governed organizations, and other stand-alone governments; and it applies to the separately issued financial statements of governmental component units. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) primary governments, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The nucleus of a financial reporting entity usually is a primary government. However, a governmental organization other than a primary government (such as a component unit, joint venture, jointly governed organization or another stand-alone government) serves as the nucleus for its own reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements.

In conformity with GASB Statement 14, The City of Statham, Georgia, has no component units that meet the criteria for component units requiring discrete presentation in the primary government financial reporting entity.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity - Basis of Presentation, continued

#### 2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government is the focus of these financial statements. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid in financial management and to demonstrate legal and contractual compliance. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

#### Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity - Basis of Presentation, continued

#### 2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Fund Accounting

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of end of the fiscal year. Revenues subject to accrual are property taxes, sales & use taxes, interest income and grants. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due. Governmental fund types utilized by the City are General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The general fund is the City's primary operating fund and it accounts for all financial resources of the general government. Capital projects fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and subsequent disbursement of such resources in obtaining or renovating major capital projects. The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund are major governmental fund types.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary fund financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, primarily directed to continuing operations. Reporting focuses on the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are costs of providing goods or services and includes administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements. Proprietary fund types utilized by the City are Water & Sewer and Solid Waste Funds. Both are major enterprise funds. The Water & Sewer fund accounts for utility services and their related distribution operations. The Solid Waste fund accounts for refuse collections and operations.

#### 3. Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operations of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity - Basis of Presentation, continued

#### 3. Measurement Focus - continued

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Therefore, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identity the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net assets. The statements of changes in fund net assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### C. Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenues, recording of deferred revenues, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets or Fund Equity:

#### 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with a maturity date, within ninety (90) days of the date acquired by the City.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### D. 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments - continued

The City may invest and reinvest money subject to its control in (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Georgia and its agencies and instrumentalities; and (3) certificates of deposit of banks which have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and certain specified amounts in excess of the amount insured by the F.D.I.C. The City also may hold funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions as otherwise authorized by law.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized costs, which approximates market. Investments consist of money market accounts, certificates of deposit and U. S. Government Treasury Bills & Notes, and are considered as the same as cash and cash equivalents, and accordingly are reported under the caption of cash on the balance sheet.

#### 2. Receivables

Receivables are recorded in the General and Enterprise Funds net of any estimated uncollectibles.

#### 3. Inventory

Materials purchased and expendable supplies are shown as expenditures in governmental funds and expenses in proprietary funds when acquired and are not inventoried at year end because the amounts are not considered to be material.

#### 4. Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors for services that benefit future periods beyond fiscal year end are recorded as prepaid items and reported on the consumption basis. When prepaid items are incurred by the City, the expenditure or expense is deferred to the period benefited. At the fund reporting level, a reservation is made in the fund balance for an equal amount.

#### 5. Capital Assets

The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure acquired prior to implementation of GASB 34 on July 1, 2003 are not reported in the basic financial statements. Proprietary/Enterprise fund capital assets also are reported in their respective fund financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, and utility (Water & Sewer and Solid Waste) distribution systems. Major improvements to capital assets are capitalized. Cost of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### D. 5. Capital Assets - continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed or retired, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss recorded in operations. Depreciation is determined using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Plants & Buildings	20 - 50 years
Machinery & Equipment	5 - 8 years
Vehicles	3 - 5 years
Transmission/Distribution Systems & Infrastructure	20 - 50 years

#### 6. Interest Capitalization

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred by proprietary fund types on debt where the proceeds were used to finance construction of assets.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. The maximum vacation accrual is limited to thirty (30) days. The City requires vacation benefits to be taken in the year granted. Vacation benefits are not allowed to be accrued and carried over to future periods, therefore any vacation benefits not taken are lost.

Sick leave accrues to full-time employees to specified maximums; however, benefits are paid only upon illness of an employee and are charged to expenditures when taken. Accured sick benefits are lost upon termination or retirement.

#### 8. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Bond issue costs, bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest rate method.

Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities reported as obligations of these funds are paid in full from current financial resources. Governmental fund financial statements recognize proceeds from debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### D. 9. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net assets.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. Unreserved fund balance indicates the amount available for appropriation in future periods. The City reserves portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific purpose or do not represent amounts available for appropriation or expenditure.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through legislation adopted by the City or contractual by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

#### 10. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. The City's operating revenues are charges for services for water & sewage and solid waste disposal. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of each fund.

#### 11. Contributed Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, grants or outside contribution of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Note 2. Changes in Accounting Principles, Fund Reclassifications and Restatement of Equity

#### A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 2003, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting the City's financial activities. The financial statements include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present

#### Note 2. Changes in Accounting Principles, Fund Reclassifications and Restatement of Equity

#### A. Changes in Accounting Principles, continued

information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in a single column.

The government-wide financial statements classify the City's programs between governmental activities and business-type activities. The beginning net asset amount for the business-type activities equals fund equity of the enterprise fund from the prior year. The beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2003, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

#### B. Restatement of Equity Balances

Restatement of fund equity effected only the General Fund as a result of GASB Interpretation No. 6 for capital leases payable in the amount of \$21,807 as previously reported.

#### Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

#### **Budget Policy and Practice**

The City prepares annual budgets based on anticipated revenues and appropriated expenditures. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to June 30, each year the budget is legally enacted by passage of an ordinance for the City's operating funds. Amendments to the budget must be approved by the City Council. Budgets of the General, Capital Projects and Proprietary Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### Basis for Budgeting

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personal services and benefits, purchased/contracted services, supplies, capital outlays, and transfers. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Budget revisions at this level are subject to review and approval by the City Council. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Council approval. Revisions to the budget were made throughout the fiscal year. All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year end.

#### Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - continued

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve the applicable appropriation - is not used by the City.

#### C. Deficit Fund Equities

Deficit fund balances or retained earnings of individual funds. The City had no deficit fund balances or retained earnings as of June 30, 2009.

#### D. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There were no known expenditures in excess of appropriations for the primary government.

#### Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

All bank balances of deposits as of the balance sheet date are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Cash and investments are classified as to credit risk as described below:

#### <u>Deposits</u>

Category 1 - Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2 - Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 - Uncollateralized.

			(	Category					Bank		Carrying
	_	1		2	_	3			Balance	_	Amount
Primary Government	\$_	1,037,171	\$	0	\$		0	\$_	1,037,171	\$	987,709
Total	\$_	1,037,171	\$	0	\$		0	\$_	1,037,171	\$	987,709

#### Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds - continued

## A. Deposits and Investments - continued

#### Investments

The City may invest and reinvest money subject to its control in 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State of Georgia and its agencies and instrumentalities; and (3) certificates of deposits of banks which have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and certain specified amounts in excess of the amounts insured by the FDIC with the bank pledging appropriate bank assets as collateral. The City also may hold funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions as otherwise authorized by law.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables are recorded in the General and Enterprise Funds net of any estimated uncollectibles. A summary by fund of the receivables and their respective allowances for doubtful accounts follows:

Primary Government		Property Taxes	Accounts	lowance fo		Net Receivables
General Fund Water & Sewer Fund	\$	118,895	\$ 109,726	\$ 14.365	\$	118,895 95,361
Total Primary Government	- \$	118,895	 \$ 109,726	 \$ 14,365	· \$	214,256

#### C. Due from Other Governments

The City recorded sales and use tax receipts for May and June 2009 due from the Georgia Department of Revenue - Sales and Use Tax Division in the amount of \$49,020. The May 2009 receivable in the amount of \$24,474 was received July 2009. The June 2009 receivable in the amount of \$24,546 was received August 2009.

# Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds - continued

# D. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in Capital Assets follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 7/1/2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2009
Capital Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$365,949			\$365,949
Total Capital Assets			·	
not being depreciated	\$365,949	\$0	\$0	\$365,949
Other Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$524,899			\$524,899
Vehicles & Equipment	691,664			691,664
Infrastructure	1,246,275	12,944		1,259,219
Total Other Capital Assets	\$2,462,838	\$12,944	\$0	\$2,475,782
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	\$127,928	\$13,122		\$141,050
Vehicles & Equipment	425,764	52,289		478,053
Infrastructure	69,190	25,055		94,245
Totals Accumulated Deprec.	\$622,882	\$90,466	\$0	\$713,348
Governmental Activities -				
Capital assets, net	\$2,205,905	(\$77,522)	\$0	\$2,128,383

# Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

# D. Capital Assets - Continued

Business-type Activities	Balance 7/1/2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2009
Capital Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$525,753			\$525,753
Construction in Progress	2,119,253	1,133,580		3,252,833
Total Capital Assets not	<del></del>	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
being depreciated	\$2,645,006	\$1,133,580		\$3,778,586
Other Capital Assets				
Plants/Buildings	\$41,898			\$41,898
Distribution Systems	5,024,914			5,024,914
Vehicles & Equipment	445,595			445,595
Total Other Capital Assets	\$5,512,407	\$0	\$0	\$5,512,407
Accumulated Depreciation				
Plants/Buildings	\$11,473	\$1,047		\$12,520
Distribution Systems	1,574,106	100,498		1,674,604
Vehicles & Equipment	222,119	37,700		259,819
Total Accumulated Deprec.	\$1,807,698	\$139,245	\$0	\$1,946,943
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, net	\$6,349,715	\$994,335	\$0	\$7,344,050

# Combining schedule of enterprise funds capital assets follows:

	Water &	Solid	
	Sewer	Waste	Totals
Land	\$525,753		\$525,753
Construction in Progress	3,252,833		3,252,833
Plants & Buildings	41,898		41,898
Transmission/Distribution Sys.	5,024,914		5,024,914
Vehicles & Equipment	326,127	\$119,468	445,595
Totals	\$9,171,525	\$119,468	\$9,290,993
Less: Accum Depr.	1,857,925	89,018	1,946,943
Net	\$7,313,600	\$30,450	\$7,344,050

# **Commitments**

The City had \$3,252,833 construction in progress in the Water & Sewer Fund as of June 30, 2009.

## Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

### D. Capital Assets - Continued

# Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		Business-type Activitie	S
General Government	\$25,712	Water & Sewer	\$127,298
Public Safety	23,427	Solid Waste	11,947
Public Works	41,327		

#### E. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are for purposes of funding capital asset acquisitions. The government-wide statement of activities eliminates transfers within segregated governmental and business-type activities columns. Only transfers between the two columns appear in this statement. Fund financial statement receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in governmental and business-type activities of government-wide statements of net assets, except for net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances. The interfund balances resulted from capital and infrastructure improvements. Interfund balances at June 30, 2009, consisted of the following amounts:

# Interfund Balances:

	]	Receivable	<b>Payable</b>
Governmental Activities Major Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	236,000	\$ ·
Business-type Activities  Major Enterprise Funds  Water & Sewer Fund  Solid Waste Fund	_		 196,926 39,074
Totals	\$ _	236,000	\$ 236,000

Interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

## Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

#### E. Interfund Balances and Transfers, continued

Transfers and Payment within the reporting entity:

	Transfer To	Tran	sfers From
Governmental Activities  Major Governmental Funds		,	
General Fund	\$	\$	0
Business-type Activities			
Major Enterprise Funds			
Water & Sewer Fund	0		
Totals	\$ 0	\$	0

# F. Property Tax Calendar

The City receives property tax assessments from Barrow County. Taxes were levied on October 21, 2008 and tax bills are mailed to taxpayers by November 15, 2008. The due date for these taxes was January 15, 2009 and after that date, both penalty and interest are accrued until the taxes are collected. The lien date was April 15, 2009. Ad Valorem taxes on vehicles are collected concurrently with the issuance of state license tags by Barrow County.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available, which includes those tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided.

#### G. Debt

Long-Term Debt Supporting Governmental Activities

Capital lease obligations are primarily paid from the General Fund. The City's capital lease obligation was for the purchase of one public safety (police) vehicle for \$26,978 and general government computer system for \$19,135. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2009 for capital leases was \$21,807.

Short-Term Debt Supporting Business Activities

The City was approved for financing of waste water improvements through the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority in the amount \$2,790,000. The City had drawn \$2,635,395 in interim financing as of June 30, 2009. Interest at 4.0% will accrue and be added to the principal balance on the date of permanent financing. Project completion and permanent financing is expected during fiscal year 2010.

## Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

# G. Debt, continued

Long-Term Debt Supporting Business Activities

Revenue bonds outstanding consist of debt issued for the purposes of the fund responsible for payment of the debt. Bond indentures contain significant requirements for annual debt service and flow of funds through various restricted accounts. The general bond indenture and its supplements for water and wastewater systems bonds require the use of revenue, sinking, bond reserves, and renewal and extension fund accounts. The reporting entity was in compliance with all significant requirements of the various bond covenants. Revenue Bonds and GEFA Notes Payable were issued for construction and expansion of the Water & Sewer System.

# Changes in Long-Term Debt

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Balance 7/1/2008	Issued	Retired	Balance 6/30/2009	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Capital Lease Obligations	\$37,074		\$15,267	\$21,807	\$15,734
Total Governmental Activities	\$37,074	\$0	\$15,267	\$21,807	\$15,734
Business-type Activities					
Revenue Bonds					
Water & Sewer, Series 1976	\$37,000		\$4,000	\$33,000	\$4,000
Water & Sewer, Series 1992A	1,060,140		19,320	1,040,820	20,480
Water & Sewer, Series 1992B	373,800		6,930	366,870	7,340
Total Revenue Bonds	\$1,470,940	\$0	\$30,250	\$1,440,690	\$31,820
Notes Payable					
Water & Sewer - CEFA	\$5,697		\$496	\$5,201	\$495
Water & Sewer - GEFA/GLCP	\$121,481	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,195	109,286	12,566
Total Notes Payable	\$127,178	\$0	\$12,691	\$114,487	\$13,061
Total Business-type Activities	\$1,598,118	\$0	\$42,941	\$1,555,177	\$44,881
Total Primary Government	\$1,635,192	\$0	\$58,208	\$1,576,984	\$60,615

# Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

# G. Long-Term Debt, continued

Debt Service Requirements

PRIMA	$\mathbf{p}\mathbf{v}$	CON	JEDN	MUNT
	$\mathbf{I}$	CU	V EASIN	IVIIIVI

I MINISTEL GOVERNMENT	Amount of Original Issue	Interest Rate	Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
Governmental Activities					
Capital Lease Obligations	\$46,463	3.73-5.25%	2010	\$15,734	\$595
			2011	6,073	114
Totals - Capital Lease Obligatio	ns			\$21,807	\$709
Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds					
Water & Sewer, Series 1976	\$95,000	5.00%	2010	\$4,000	\$1,600
		5.00%	2011	4,000	1,400
		5.00%	2012	4,000	1,200
		5.00%	2013	5,000	950
		5.00%	2014	5,000	550
		5.00%	2015	11,000	1,100
Totals - Revenue Bonds Series	1976			\$33,000	\$6,800
Water & Sewer, Series 1992A	¢1 047 000	E (050)	2010	\$20,490	\$58,546
water & sewer, series 1992A	\$1,247,800	5.625% 5.625%	2010 2011	\$20,480 21,710	57,394
		5.625%	2012	23,010	56,173
		5.625%	2013	24,390	54,878
		5.625%	2014	25,860	53,507
		5.625%	2015-19	154,500	243,890
		5.625%	2020-24	206,760	194,899
		5.625%	2025-29	276,700	129,338
		5.625%	2030-33	287,410	41,599
Totals - Revenue Bonds Series	1992A			\$1,040,820	\$890,224
					<u> </u>
Water & Sewer, Series 1992B	\$441,700	5.875%	2010	<b>\$7,340</b>	\$21,554
		5,875%	2011	7,770	21,122
		5.875%	2012	8,230	20,666
		5.875%	2013	8,710	20,182
		5.875%	2014	9,220	19,671
		5.875%	2015-19	54,920	89,559
		5.875%	2020-24	73,050	71,418
		5.875%	2025-29	97,190	47,284
		5.875%	2030-33	100,440	15,175
Totals - Revenue Bonds Series	1992A			\$366,870	\$326,631

## Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

## G. Long-Term Debt, continued

Debt Service Requirements

	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
Business-type Activities					
Notes Payable					
Water & Sewer - GEFA	\$9,660	0.00%	2010	\$495	\$0
		0.00% 0.00%	2011 2012	495 495	0
		0.00%	2012	495	0
		0.00%	2014	495	ŏ
		0.00%	2015-19	2,476	0
		0.00%	2020	250	0
Totals - GEFA				\$5,201	\$0
Water & Sewer - GEFA/GLCP	\$135,254	3.00%	2010	\$12,566	\$3,107
		3.00%	2011	12,948	2,725
		3.00%	2012	13,342	2,331
		3.00%	2013	13,747	1,925
		3.00%	2014	14,166	1,507
		3.00%	2015-17	42,517	1,885
Totals - GEFA/GLCP				\$109,286	\$13,480

## H. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) and the Georgia Municipal Association of Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. These memberships allow the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle, and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorized Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. GIRMA is a municipal interlocal risk management agency, which functions as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member against liability or loss.

Chapter 9, Article 5 of Title 34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorized the Georgia Municipal Association of Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The Fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of its members, any suits or other proceedings which may be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the preview of the Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia. The liability of the Fund to employees of any member employer is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability.

## Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

### H. Risk Management - continued

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim or loss. The City also is to allow the pools' agents and attorneys represent the City in investigations, settlement disclosures and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

These Funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member contracts and in accordance with the workers' compensation laws of Georgia. The Funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense. Management believes this coverage is adequate to preclude any significant uninsured risk exposure to the City.

The City retains the first \$2,500 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA and GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$2,500 deductible.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages from the prior year, and there have been no settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage.

# I. Litigation

The City Attorney advised that no legal actions were in progress by or against the City at June 30, 2009, that would have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

### J. Compliance with Legal Provisions

#### State Laws

Budgets - The City was in compliance with Title 36, Chapter 91, Section 3-6 of the Official Code of Georgia, Annotated (OCGA) which requires the adoption of balanced budgets.

Special Local Option Sales Tax - The City expended \$12,944 special option sales tax on street (paving) during the current fiscal year.

The City received \$100,000 sewer grant from Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) for waste water system improvements during the current fiscal year.

# Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

## J. Compliance with Legal Provisions, continued

#### Federal Laws

The City did not receive any federal grants during the current fiscal year.

# K. Contingent Liabilities

The City participates in both federal and state assistance programs which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

#### L. Related Parties

The City was not involved in any significant related party transactions during the current operating year.

#### M. Retirement/Pension Plans

The City's employees are covered under the Social Security Act maintained by the Federal Government. The City also participates in a deferred compensation plan (IRC Section 457) for all full-time City employees, excluding elected officials. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan after one year and having at least 1,000 hours continuous service. Employees are not required to participate in the (457) plan; however, the City provides substantial incentives for participation. The City will match employee contributions up to five percent (5%) of the employee's annual compensation not to exceed \$7,500 per year. Contributions are fully vested and are expensed by the City. One hundred percent (100%) of these funds goes into a fixed-rate savings account. The City paid \$15,605 in benefits and City employees contributed \$31,446 for the current fiscal year.

The City's deferred compensation plan, <u>City of Statham Employees Deferred Compensation</u> Retirement Plan, a defined contribution plan was authorized by the City Council by passage of an ordinance and is administered by an insurance company, Hartford Life Insurance Company.

The City's total payroll for the fiscal year was \$671,643; including payroll of \$312,091 covered by the plan. The plan had \$294,447 of assets and reserves as of June 30, 2009.

# Note 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds, continued

#### N. Net Assets

Net assets on the government-wide statement of net assets as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Investments in capital assets, net of related debt	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Cost of capital assets	\$2,841,731	\$9,290,993
Less: accumulated depreciation	713,348	1,946,943
Book Value	\$2,128,383	\$7,344,050
Less capital related debt	21,807	4,190,572
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$2,106,576	\$3,153,478

#### Note 5. Other Notes

## A. Changes in Contributed Capital - Enterprise Funds:

Water & Sewer		
Balance - July 1, 2008	\$	1,513,132
Depreciation on Contributed Assets		
(Assets purchased with Grant Funds)	_	(43,666)
	_	
Balance - June 30, 2009	\$_	1,469,466

#### B. Joint Ventures:

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the twelve (12) county northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Northeast Georgia Regional Development Center (RDC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the City's membership dues were assessed to and paid by Barrow County, Georgia. The City of Statham did not pay any annual dues. Membership in a RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA), Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA Section 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the RDC. Separate financial statements for the RDC may be obtained from:

Northeast Georgia Regional Development Center 305 Research Drive Athens, Georgia 30605-2795

# C. Other Post-Employment Benefits:

The City does not provide post retirement benefits other than pension benefits as outlined in Note 4 M (Retirement/Pension Plans).

City of Statham, Georgia
Supplemental Statements and Schedules
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

# City of Statham, Georgia Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Budgeted	Amounts

				agorou zimoui						
		Original	_	Revisions		Final		Actual		Variance
REVENUES										
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	\$	50,200	\$		\$	50,200	\$	50,190	\$	(10)
Interest Income		0				0		317		317
Prior Year Fund Balance	-	,	_		_	0			_	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$_	50,200	\$_	0	\$_	50,200	\$_	50,507	<b>s</b> _	307
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Public Works										
Capital Outlay	\$_	50,200	\$_		\$_	50,200	<b>\$</b> _	12,944	\$_	37,256
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$_	50,200	\$_	0	\$_	50,200	\$_	12,944	\$_	37,256
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	\$_	0	\$_	0	<b>\$</b> _	0	\$_	37,563	<b>\$</b> _	37,563
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YE	AR						\$_	8,257		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR							<b>S</b>	45,820		

# City of Statham, Georgia Enterprise Funds - Water & Sewer Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original/ Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Operating Revenues:		Duaget		Actual		<u>variance</u>
Metered Sales - Water	\$	603,314	\$	561,818	\$	(41,496)
Tapping Fees - Water	•	122,000	Ψ	22,410	Ψ	(99,590)
Sewer Fees		86,400		84,960		(1,440)
Tapping Fees - Sewer		28,000		6,180		(21,820)
Total Operating Revenues	\$	839,714	s <sup>-</sup>	675,368	\$	(164,346)
Operating Expenses:	•			·	•	
<u>Water</u>						
Personal Services & Benefits	\$	202,954	\$	202,935	\$	19
Purchased/Contracted Services		55,764	·	24,817	•	30,947
Supplies		143,900		86,714		57,186
Other		600		591		9
Depreciation		106,000		105,447		553
<u>Sewer</u>		,		<b>,</b>		
Purchased/Contracted Services		196,790		102,482		94,308
Supplies		7,300		5,068		2,232
Depreciation		22,000		21,852		148
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$ _	735,308	\$	549,906	\$	185,402
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	104,406	\$	125,462	\$	21,056
Nonoperating Income and	<del>-</del>				-	
(Expenses):						
Interest Income	\$	20,000	\$	14,204	\$	(5,796)
Interest Expense		(124,406)	·	(84,564)	•	39,842
Transfers - In/(Out)		, , ,		`		0
Intergovernmental				322,769		322,769
Net Nonoperating	-		-		_	
Income/(Expense)	\$	(104,406)	\$_	252,409	\$_	356,815
Income/(Loss)	\$	0	\$	377,871	\$	377,871
Depreciation on Assets	•				=	
Acquired by Grant Funds				43,666		
Retained Earnings -						
Beginning of Year				1,691,311		
Retained Earnings -				_,~~,~~*		
End of Year			\$	2,112,848		

# City of Statham, Georgia Enterprise Funds - Solid Waste Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original/ Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Operating Revenues:	-		_		_	
Charges for Services	\$_	155,285	\$_	124,804	\$_	(30,481)
Total Operating Revenues	\$ _	155,285	\$_	124,804	\$_	(30,481)
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services & Benefits	\$	36,709	\$	36,562	\$	147
Purchased/Contracted Services		49,700		41,322		8,378
Depreciation		53,282		11,947		41,335
Supplies		14,569		8,480		6,089
Other	_	2,025		25	<u>-</u>	2,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$_	156,285	\$_	98,336	\$_	57,949
Operating Income	\$_	(1,000)	\$ _	26,468	\$_	27,468
Nonoperating Income and (Expenses):						
Interest Income	\$	1,000	\$	958	\$	(42)
Net Nonoperating	_		_		-	
Income/(Expense)	\$_	1,000	\$_	958	-	(42)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ =	0	\$	27,426	\$ _	27,426 /12=
Retained Earnings - Beginning of Year			-	13,455		27,426 +12 = 2,285,50
Retained Earnings - End of Year			\$_	40,881		

City of Statham, Georgia

Special Schedules and Reports

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

City of Statham, Georgia Schedule of Project Expenditures with Special Option Sales Tax Revenue For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

%	of Completion	22%
<b>.</b>	Total	\$ 132,197
EXPENDITURES	Prior Current Years Year	\$ 12,944
	Prior Years	\$ 119,253
Original	Estimated Cost	\$ 600,000
	Project PUBLIC WORKS:	Road Improvements - Paving

# HUBERT A. BRISCOE, CPA

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Certified Public Accountant

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Statham, Georgia

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Statham, Georgia, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

# Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Statham, Georgia's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Governmental Auditing Standards.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Statham, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exist when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information of and use of the audit committee, management, others within the City and City council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hubert A. Briscoe, CPA Winder, Georgia 30680-0531

November 19, 2009